ONTARIO HEALTH TEAM CENTRAL EVALUATION Formative Evaluation: Document Analysis <u>First Cohort of Ontario Health Team Applications</u>

WHO'S INVOLVED



¹ 'Other' includes Aboriginal health access centres, Midwifery, Retirement homes, Independent health facilities, Children's treatment centres, Indigenous interprofessional primary care teams, Laboratories, Pharmacy, Paramedic services, Public Health Units, Hospice, Client & Family Advocacy Groups, Weight Management Clinic, Community-based rehabilitation, Dentists, Schools, Housing services)

WORKING TOGETHER



26/30

information.

100% HAVE MEMBERS WHO HAVE WORKED TOGETHER PREVIOUSLY



HAVE HIGH OR

ENGAGEMENT⁴

OF PATIENT

MEDIUM LEVELS







ON THE APPLICATION

² Experience with Quality Improvement: A team was categorized as HIGH if they described QI initiatives that assessed performance of the partners working as a team or a network. OHTs were categorized as MEDIUM if multiple OHT partners demonstrated experience with QI initiatives within their organizations and/or have tools in place to share (and/or scale) these resources. OHTs were considered LOW if few partners had experience in QI and/or they did not describe a plan to leverage the experience for the team. Two OHTs did not provide this

- ³ Cross-provider funding: Capacity to manage cross-provider funds was rated low if the OHT had no experience managing a fund with shared accountability with other partners. Two OHTs did not provide this information.
- ⁴ Patient engagement: High engagement was defined as having a patient/family/caregiver co-lead, and/or part of governance tables, +/- being a signatory; medium engagement if patient/family/caregiver councils were involved with the redesign and full application (e.g. working groups) and not a signatory; low engagement if patient/family/caregiver were consulted for input (e.g. town-halls, invited to meetings) and not a signatory.





SIGNIFICANT VARIABILITY IN THE NUMBER OF PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIANS INCLUDED IN OHT APPLICATIONS



NOT YET A CRITICAL MASS OF PARTICIPATION

PARTICIPATION OF PRIMARY CARE ORGANIZATIONS

NUMBER OF PARTICIPATING ORGANIZATIONS		NUMBER OF OHTS PARTNERING WITH ORGANIZATIONS
122	FAMILY HEALTH ORGANIZATIONS	29
33	COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES	21
41	FAMILY HEALTH TEAMS	18
50	FAMILY HEALTH GROUPS	13
34	SOLO PRACTICES	[10
10]	NURSE PRACTITIONER-LED CLINICS	9

PRIORITY POPULATIONS

OHT YEAR-1 POPULATIONS

FRAIL/COMPLEX OLDER ADULTS (16/30)



MENTAL HEALTH & ADDICTIONS (15/30)
PALLIATIVE (10/30)
COPD/CHF⁵ (7/30)
DEMENTIA (5/30)
OTHER ⁶ (7/30)

PLANS FOR SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

COMMUNITIES ⁷		RANCOPHONE		
	RECOGNIZE IMPORTANCE OF ENGAGEMENT			
B	ENGAGEMENT PLAN DEVELOPED			
طع ط	VALUE CULTURALLY-SUITABLE SERVICES	<u>ط</u>		
B	ENGAGED IN PLANNING	ß		
B	INDIGENOUS REPRESENTATION			
RECOGNIZE UNMET NEEDS IN AREAS NOT REQUIRED TO PROVIDE SERVICES IN FRENCH				
⁶ 'Other' includes older needs, people with co	Obstructive Pulmonary Disease/Congestive Heart Fa adults receiving care from multiple partners, childr omplex conditions/Ambulatory Care Sensitive Condi issues, high health system users, caregivers nous-led OHT.	ren with complex care		
EX refugees and n	PERIENCING SERVICE GAPS INCLUD Wew Canadians, lower socioeconomic status meless, marginalized and vulnerable, and u	E: s populations,		
ΔΤΤΕ		NS		
NUMBI	ER OF ONTARIO RESIDENTS AN OHT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR	WILL		
54,000 to 103,999 6 OHTs		6,000 to 544,999 6 OHTS		

Observations:

25/30 OHTs have high alignment of membership to referral networks⁸. **All 11 OHTs** with an attributed population of **under 196,000** have high alignment to referral networks, while **14/19 OHTs** with an attributed population of **196,000 or higher** had high alignment.

OHTs with the **largest attributed populations** tended to have a **higher number of partners**; on average, OHTs with attributed populations of 496,000 and over are partnering with more organizations than those under 496,000 people (average of 28 partners vs. 16 for other OHTs).

⁸ Referral networks: Based on analysis of patient flow patterns and the natural connections between providers and patients revealed through analysis, teams received information about which patient/provider referral networks the physician and hospital members are part of and self-assessed their alignment.



Notes:

Health System Performance Network (HSPN) conducted a document analysis of OHT applications to understand how teams are coming together across the province. This infographic summarizes the findings from plans described across the first 30 OHT applications, extracted in December 2019.

The document analysis is part of a larger, multi-year OHT Central Evaluation funded by Ontario's Ministry of Health.

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Health System Performance Network