

# **Integrated Care Pathways – Exploring the Building Blocks for Success**

HSPN Monthly Webinar

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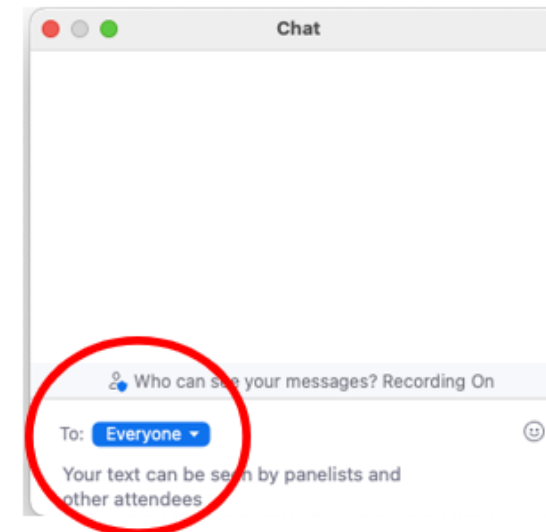
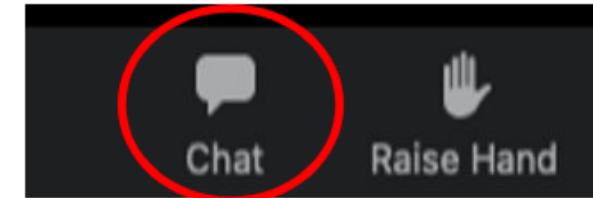
April 22, 2025

# Welcome & thank you for joining us!

Please let us know who you are by introducing yourself (name & OHT or other org)

➤ Open Chat

➤ Set response to **everyone** in the chat box



# Land Acknowledgement

We wish to acknowledge this land on which the University of Toronto operates. For thousands of years it has been the traditional land of the Huron-Wendat, the Seneca, and the Mississaugas of the Credit. Today, this meeting place is still the home to many Indigenous people from across Turtle Island and we are grateful to have the opportunity to work on this land.

# Poll 1

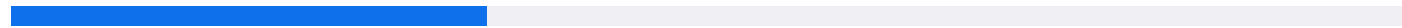
1. Have you joined us for an HSPN webinar previously? (Single choice)

67/67 (100%) answered

Yes. I have participated previously (44/67) 66%



No. This is my first event (23/67) 34%



# Today's event: Integrated Care Pathways – Exploring the Building Blocks for Success

Co-Host



**Abhi Regmi**

Manager of Digital Health,  
Information a Management and  
Projects at Burlington OHT



**Dr. Reham Abdelhalim**

Manager, Population  
Health and Evaluation  
with Burlington OHT



**Dr. Jeff Powis**

Medical Director, Integrated Care  
and Infection Prevention,  
Control, Michael Garon Hospital



**Rishma Pradhan**

Manager of Care Integration  
at East Toronto Health  
Partners



**Melissa Chang**

Sr. Director, Integrated Care,  
UHN Connected Care



**Dendra Hiller**

Project Manager, Integrated  
Care Pathways for Chronic  
Disease



**Ali Somers**

Digital Health Lead and  
Project Manager



**Dr. Kaileah McKellar**

Co-Lead  
Leading Project Evaluation HSPN



**Dr. Gaya Embuldeniya**

Cultural Anthropologist  
HSPN Investigator

**HSPN Monthly Webinar**

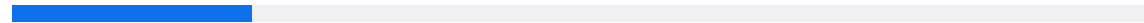
**April 22, 2025**

# Poll 2

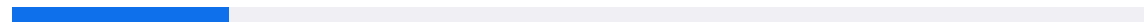
1. What is your relationship with the Integrated Clinical Pathways?  
(Single choice)

78/78 (100%) answered

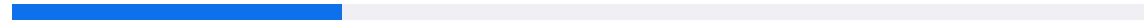
I am involved in planning an ICP (16/78) 21%



I am involved in implementing an ICP (15/78) 19%



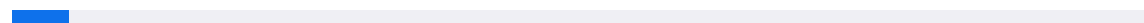
I am watching closely as other OHTs plan and implement ICPs (23/78) 29%



I am an interested non-OHT observer (20/78) 26%



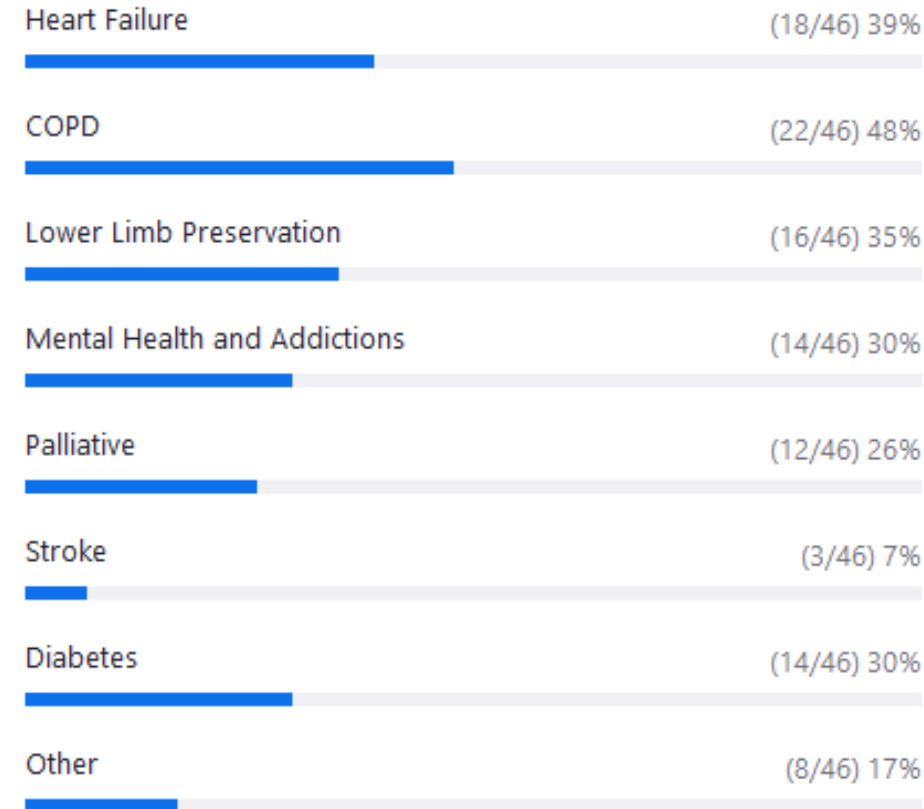
I am just here for the ride...I hope it's a good one! (4/78) 5%



# Poll 3

1. For those of you who are planning or implementing an ICP, what is your focus? (Select all that apply) (Multiple choice)

46/46 (100%) answered



# Agenda and Overview

## 1. Introductions

## 2. Learning from OHTs

- East Toronto Health Partners
- Burlington OHT
- Frontenac, Lennex, & Addington OHT

## 3. Learning from an Integrated Care Program

## 4. Panel Discussion

- Essential success factors
- Key challenges and how these were addressed
- ..And more



# **Integrated Care Pathways in Ontario**

**Jeff Powis and  
Rishma Pradhan  
East Toronto Health  
Partners**

# Transforming Chronic Disease Management with Integrated Care Pathways

## *A Collaborative Co-Design Approach to Implementation*

**Jeff Powis**

East Toronto Health Partners  
Medical Co-Lead

**Rishma Pradhan**

East Toronto Health Partners  
Manager, OHT Development and Care Integration



## About East Toronto Health Partners

- **100+** community, primary care, home care, hospital and social services organizations
- **100+** patient, caregiver and community advisors and community health ambassadors
- **350,000+** people who live or get care here
- **21 neighbourhoods**, including five **high-priority, equity-deserving** communities

# The Challenge

## Why Integrated Care Pathways?

- Chronic diseases is the leading cause of poor quality of life & healthcare utilization
- System challenge: Fragmented care between hospitals, primary care, and community services
- Ontario Health Priorities:
  - ☐ COPD
  - ☐ CHF
  - ☐ Diabetes (Lower Limb Preservation)
  - ☐ Stroke
- Need for patient-centered, connected care across settings (integrated care)





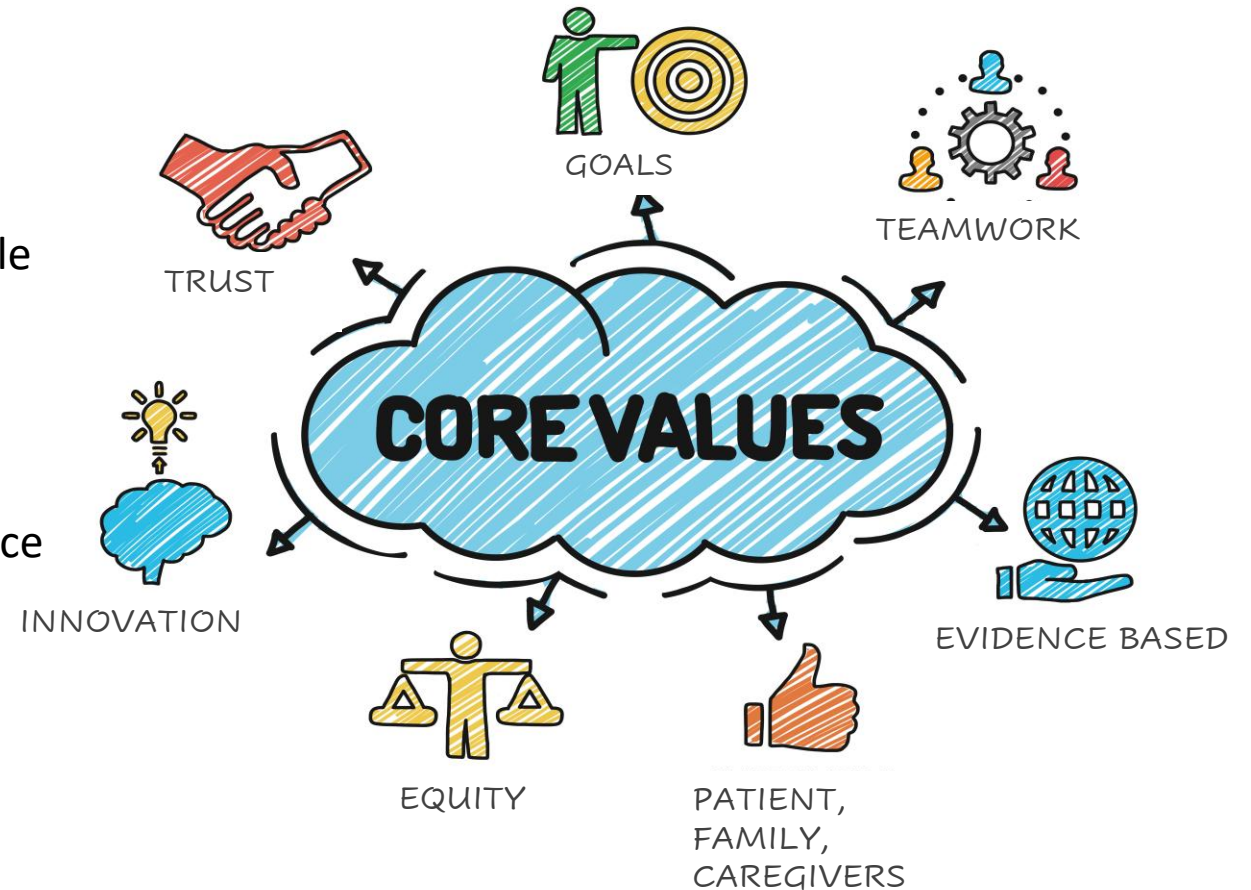
# Our Approach

## Guiding Principles:

- Patient-centered care
- Health equity lens
- Evidence-based standards (CTS guidelines, Treatable Traits Framework, Canadian Cariology Society)
- Focus on seamless transitions & self-management

## Who Was Involved:

- Patients, Families & Caregivers with Lived Experience
- Primary Care & Specialists
- Home Care & Community Providers
- Technology & Digital Health Experts



# Engagement



Specialist Clinical Leads



Primary Care Clinical Leads



Acute Care



Community Health Centres and Family Health Teams



Rehabilitation



Clients, Caregivers and Community Members



Home Care



Community Support Services



Mental Health



Government

More than **150** individuals engaged!

# Meaningful Co-Design



Partner Engagements



Design Workshops



Working Groups



Patient and caregiver (people) partnership in all engagements, specifically individuals with lived experience related to chronic disease management



# Consensus Decision Making



## Integrated Care Pathway Objectives:

- Reduce **Readmission Rates**
- Avoid **Emergency Department** Visits
- Improve **Self-Mastery & Confidence in Care**
- Enhance **Quality of Life**
- Empower **Clinical** and **Community Champions**
- Position our community Hospital as core partner and **leverage committed specialists** (respirology, cardiology, etc.)
- Leverage and strengthen **existing Programs & Services**
- Keep the focus on **Integrated, Connected Care**
- **Build an engine for multiple pathways**

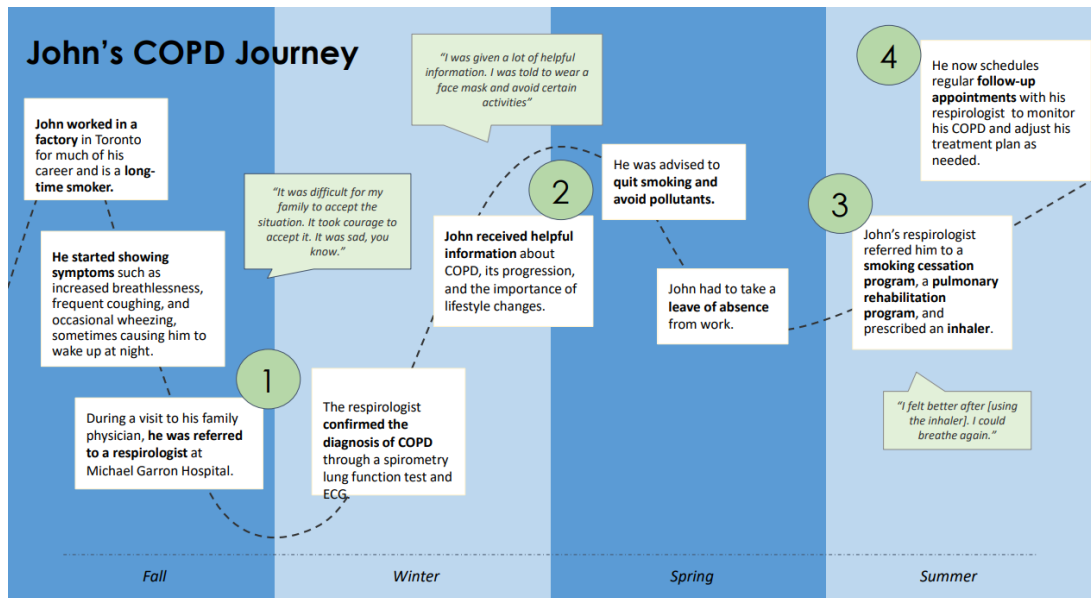


*We want to **build** a lasting impact of **integrated care**: **Sustainable, People-driven solutions** that **foster Internal Capacity** and **deliver Long-term Value**.*

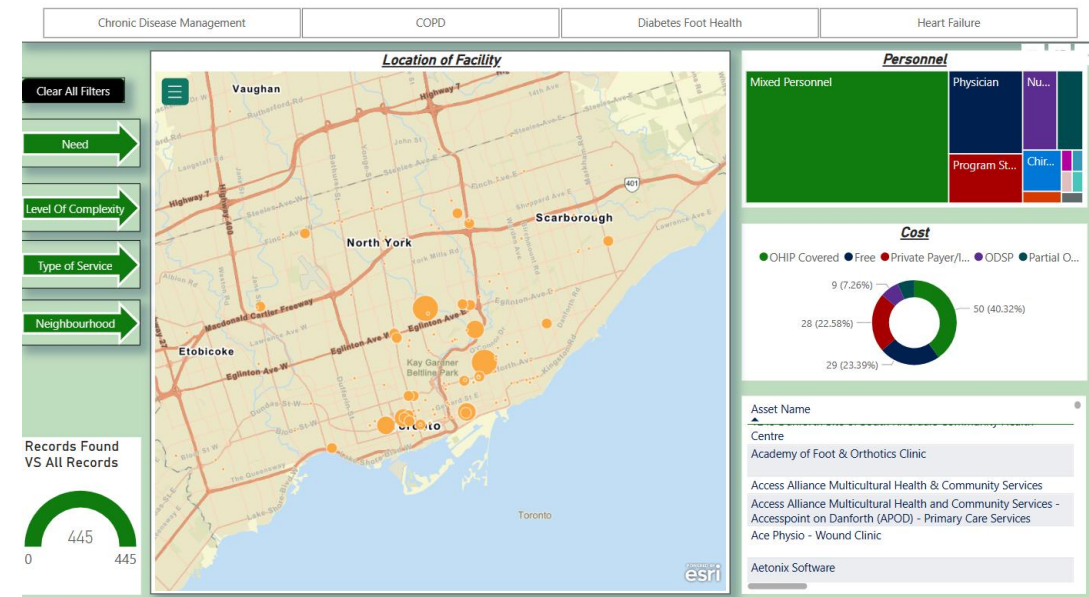
# Meaningful Co-Development



## People Journey Mapping



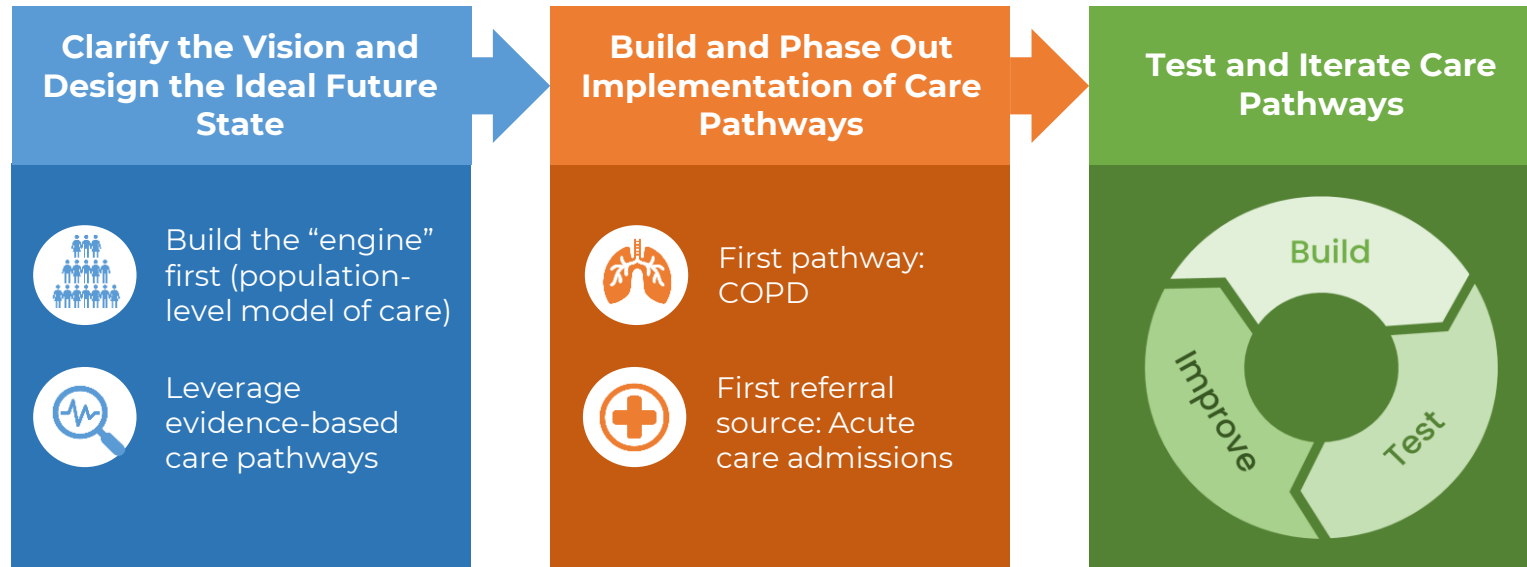
## Partner Asset Mapping



# Our Model: Key Features of the Program



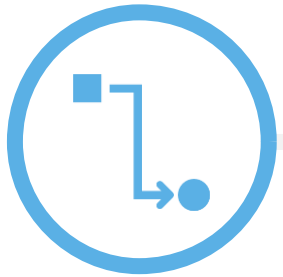
- ✓ Staffing
  - Clinical Care Facilitator
  - Access Administrator
- ✓ Remote Care Monitoring & Post-Discharge Support
- ✓ Individualized Holistic Self-Management Goals & Plans
- ✓ Case Management and Progress Reporting
- ✓ Digital Enablers
  - Electronic Medical Records
  - Shared Care Planning Platform
- ✓ Service Connections & Coordinated Team-Based Rounds
- ✓ Action plans, exacerbation management, follow ups
- ✓ Equipment & Patient Education Resources



# Build and Implementation



## Processes



- ✓ Referral
- ✓ Enrollment
- ✓ Assessment(s)
- ✓ Care Planning
- ✓ Service Connections
- ✓ Remote Care Monitoring
- ✓ Primary Care Connections
- ✓ Rounding

## Tools



- ✓ Registration Guide
- ✓ Schedule of Assessment(s)
- ✓ Action Plans
- ✓ Encounter Notes (goal planning, symptom management)
- ✓ Self-Management Progress Reports

## Staffing



- ✓ Clinical Care Facilitators
- ✓ Access Administrator
- ✓ Clinical Specialists
- ✓ Primary Care
- ✓ Program Support

## Technology



- ✓ EHP Collaborate
- ✓ Electronic Medical Records
- ✓ eReaders (self management education)
- ✓ Equipment (scale, blood pressure cuff, oximeter)

## Communications



- ✓ Patient-Facing One-Pager
- ✓ Provider-Facing One-Pager
- ✓ Website (client- and provider-facing sections)
- ✓ Communications and knowledge translation

## Change Management



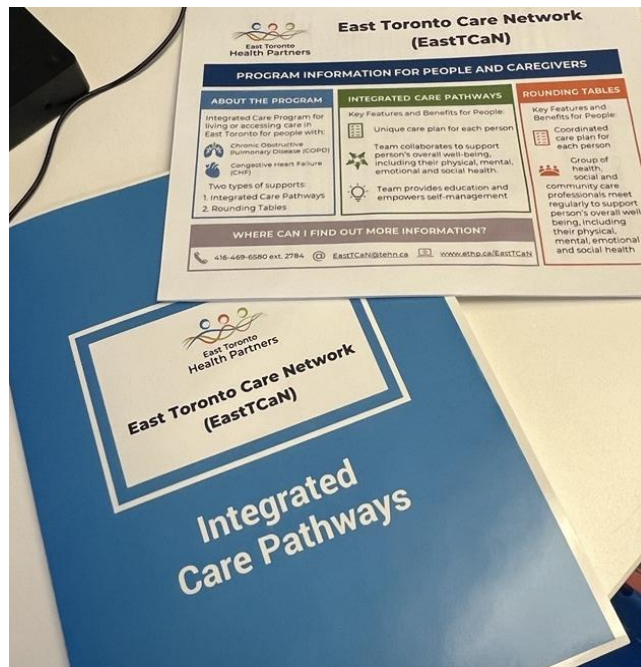
- ✓ Change Management Plan
- ✓ Supported by processes, communications materials, and people

# East Toronto Care Network



East Toronto Health Partners launched East Toronto Care Network (EastTCaN) a scalable, multisector, patient-centered, integrated service delivery model that empowers individuals to “manage their chronic disease instead of the chronic disease managing them.”

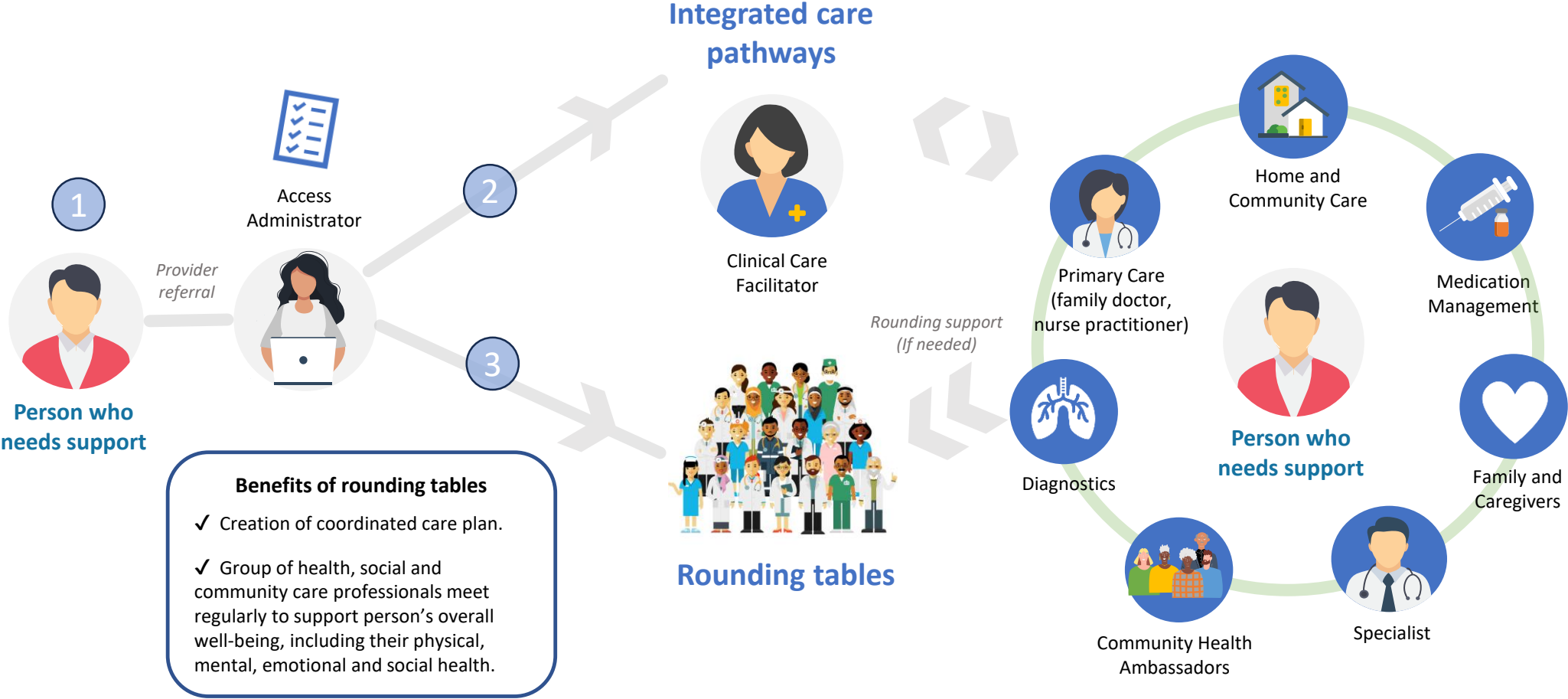
<https://ethp.ca/our-work/east-toronto-care-network/>





# East Toronto Care Network (EastTCaN)

This integrated care program offers two types of support: **Integrated care pathways** for people with chronic heart failure (CHF) or chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD); and **rounding tables** for people aged 18+ who have unmet health and social needs. Learn more at [ethp.ca/EastTCaN](http://ethp.ca/EastTCaN).



**1** A person is referred to EastTCaN's integrated care pathways or rounding tables, depending on the person's eligibility and the support they need. An Access Administrator processes the referral and starts a coordinated care plan.

**2** If the person is referred to integrated care pathways, they meet a Clinical Care Facilitator, who becomes the person's main point of contact in the program and:

- Meets the person regularly to ensure they have the support they need;
- Builds the coordinated care plan for the person; and
- Connects the person to a larger group of health, social and community care providers who work together to address needs and support well-being.

**3** If the person is referred to rounding tables, their referring care team member discusses the person's needs with a larger group of health, social and community care providers who work together to support the person's well-being.

The person may also receive support from rounding tables as appropriate.

# East Toronto Care Network (EastTCaN) COPD Pathway

Health and Social Care: Building a healthier and more equitable East Toronto - enabling every person and neighbourhood to thrive



## Phase 1: Acute Care

### Remote Care Monitoring

RCM for Post Acute Care Admissions

★ QS11-Follow-up after an acute exacerbation of COPD

## Phase 2: Primary Care

### Clinical Care Facilitators

- ★ QS2- Comprehensive Assessment
- ★ QS3-Goals of Care and Individual Care Planning
- ★ QS10- Management of Acute Exacerbations
- ★ QS14-Long-Term Oxygen Therapy

Access Administrators

## Phase 3: Community

### ETHP Collaborate

Shared Care Planning Tool for Collaborative, Coordinated Care Management



Home and Community Care

★ QS5-Promote Smoking Cessation

Primary Care

★ QS7- Vaccinations

Medication Management

★ QS6-Pharmacological Management

Person

★ QS4-Education and Self-Management

Family and Caregiver

Diagnostics

★ QS1- Diagnosis confirmed with spirometry

Community Health Ambassadors

Respirology

- ★ QS8- Specialized Respiratory Care
- ★ QS13- Palliative Care
- ★ QS 9 & 12- Pulmonary Rehabilitation

### Key Program Features

- ✓ Guidance from the Canadian Thoracic Society, Treatable Traits and the Lung Foundation
- ✓ Holistic Case Management
- ✓ Medication Management
- ✓ Rounding Support
- ✓ Team-Based Care
- ✓ COPD Education



★ Health Quality Ontario (HQO) Quality Statement

Referral	Enrollment	Ongoing Assessments and Custom Care Planning	Outcomes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Phased referral sources into program</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Patient/Client Profile: SDoH, Self-efficacy, Access to services (caregiver, virtual), care journey, etc.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Evidence-based care management</li> <li>Understanding care needs</li> <li>Making service connections (person-centered care)</li> <li>Self-management resources</li> <li>Regular check-ins</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Reduced Acute Care Utilization (ED, Beds)</li> <li>✓ Self-Mastery</li> <li>✓ Better Quality of Life</li> <li>✓ Quintuple Aim</li> </ul>



# East Toronto Care Network (EastTCaN) CHF Pathway

Health and Social Care: Building a healthier and more equitable East Toronto - enabling every person and neighbourhood to thrive



## Phase 1: Acute Care



### Remote Care Monitoring



RCM for Post Acute Care Admissions

★ QS9- Transition From Hospital to Community

## Phase 2: Primary Care



Access Administrators

## Phase 3: Community



### ETHP Collaborate

Shared Care Planning Tool for Collaborative, Coordinated Care Management

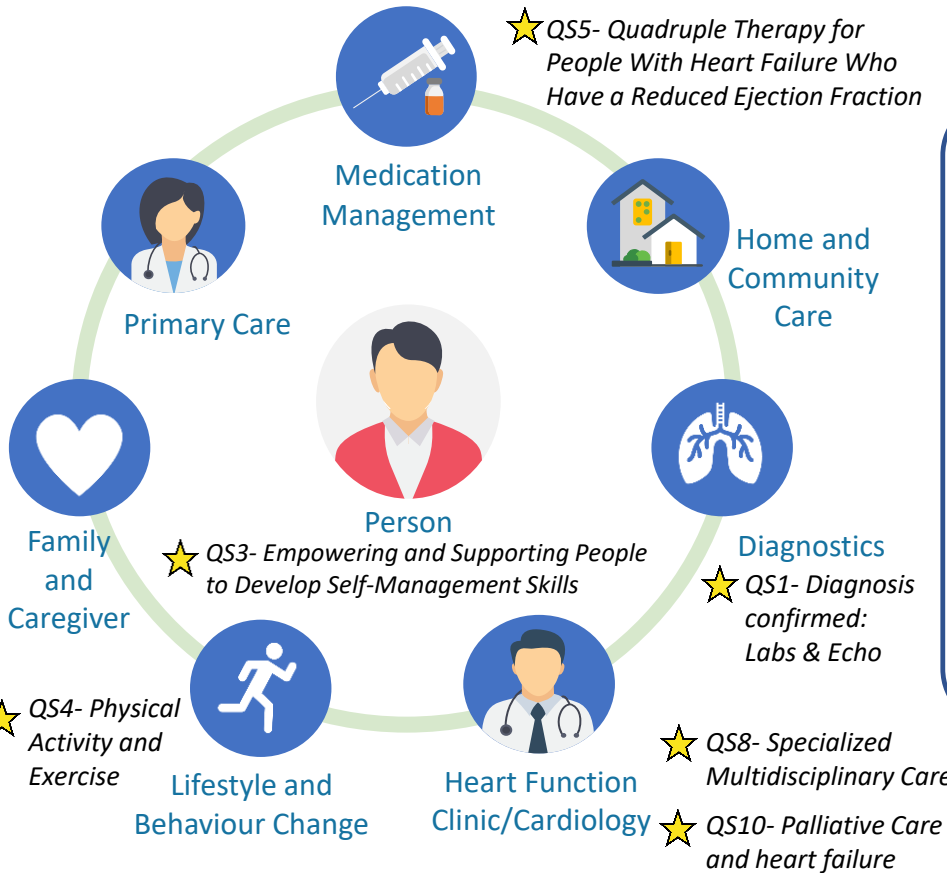


### Clinical Care Facilitators

★ QS2- Individualized, Person-Centred, Comprehensive Care Plan

★ QS6- Worsening Symptoms of Heart Failure

★ QS7- Management of Non-cardiac Comorbidities



### Key Program Features

- ✓ CorHealth Ontario Spoke-Hub-Node Model for Integrated Heart Failure Care
- ✓ Holistic Case Management
- ✓ Medication Management
- ✓ Rounding Support
- ✓ Team-Based Care
- ✓ CHF Education



★ Health Quality Ontario (HQO) Quality Statement

Referral	Enrollment	Ongoing Assessments and Personalized Care Planning		Outcomes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Phased referral sources into program</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Patient/Client Profile: Social Determinants of Health, Self-efficacy, Access to service, Caregiver supports, Health and digital literacy, Care journey, etc.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Evidence-based care management</li> <li>Medication Management</li> <li>Goals of care and service connections (person-centered care)</li> <li>Self-management resources</li> <li>Regular check-ins</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Reduced Acute Care Utilization</li> <li>✓ Self-Mastery</li> <li>✓ Better Quality of Life</li> <li>✓ Quintuple Aim</li> </ul>	24



*Empowering individuals to take control of their health, ICP supports people to manage their chronic disease—rather than their chronic disease managing them. Through integrated, person-centered care and proactive planning, we help individuals lead healthier, more independent lives.*

## Program Goals

- Reduce Acute Care Utilization
- Improve Self-Management
- Increased Quality of Life
- Quintuple Aim

## Patients in Pathway

84

Care Plans Created

## Crisis Encounters

58

27 Avoided ED Visits  
2 Necessary Visits

## Program Discharges

Program Total	9
Non-survival	3
Transferred to CHC or moved	3
Unreachable	3



NUMBER OF CARE PLANS CREATED  
84



PROGRAM ENROLLMENT RATE  
~75% (expected 20%)



ED AVOIDANCE  
27



READMISSIONS (coming soon)  
X

## Two Week Review (April 7-18)

14

Patients Identified

13

Patients Offered

10

Patients Enrolled

## Top Services Needed

Service	Opportunity
Mental Health/Social Work	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Developing partnerships with CCIS</li> <li>• TNO/FHC Integrated Mental Health</li> <li>• Working with MH/SU portfolios</li> </ul>
Homecare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Direct referral to homecare leading project (when eligible)</li> <li>• MGH2Home (when eligible)</li> <li>• Working with Ontariohealth@Home</li> </ul>
Smoking Cessation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MGH training and resources</li> <li>• Partnership with Bridgepoint</li> </ul>
Rehab	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Partnerships with virtual providers</li> </ul>



## IMPACT STORIES

### **1. Palliative COPD Patient Maintaining Functionality and Avoiding Hospitalization**

A palliative COPD patient, who remains highly functional, has successfully avoided hospital admissions since enrolling in the program. Through evidence-based COPD action plans, the patient has been effectively treated for multiple exacerbations. EastTCaN facilitated home oxygen setup and expedited respirology follow-ups when needed. Additionally, collaboration with the visiting respiratory therapist (RT) led to a transition to a more user-friendly inhaler, significantly improving the patient's symptom management.

### **2. Coordinated Support for a Socially Complex Patient**

A patient with significant social complexities is receiving enhanced care coordination through EastTCaN. Working closely with the patient's case worker and case manager, we brought her situation to EastTCaN rounds, leading to the activation of multiple support pathways tailored to her needs. This multidisciplinary approach is ensuring she receives the necessary resources and care.

### **3. Mental Health and Respiratory Support for an Anxious Patient**

A patient struggling with anxiety has been successfully connected to mental health support, which he reports as highly beneficial. Close collaboration with his primary care provider (PCP) enabled an expedited home visit during a recent exacerbation. Additionally, after his respirologist retired, the team arranged for a new specialist at MGH to ensure continuity of care for his complex lung condition.

### **4. Transforming Care for a Patient Previously Bedbound**

An NP caring for a patient faced challenges in securing appropriate support. Initially, the patient was bedridden and unresponsive to calls. Through EastTCaN rounds, she was connected with the CCIST team, leading to a structured support plan. A multidisciplinary team—including the NP, CCF, and CCIST—has maintained regular communication to ensure ongoing care. The patient now attends follow-ups consistently, and her concerned roommate has expressed relief and satisfaction with her progress.

# System Implications & Next Steps

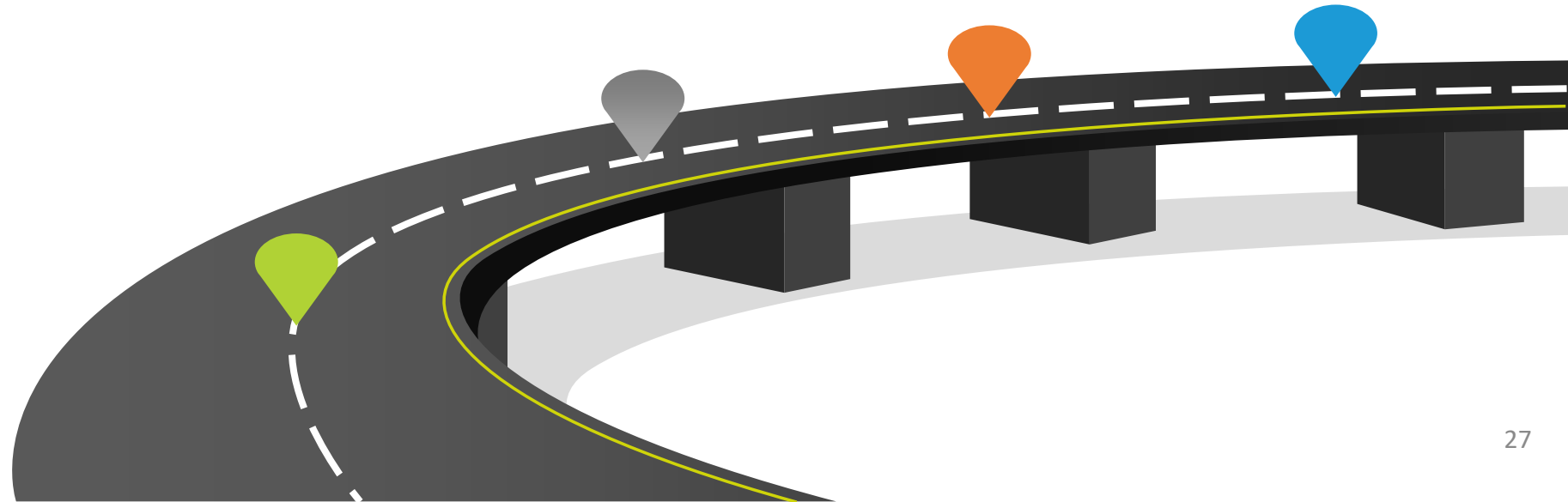


## Why This Matters:

- A scalable model for integrated care- we build the engine
- Digital enablers & team-based workflows embedded
- Strengthening East Toronto's system capacity
- Integrated care is not about connecting services, its about centering care around people and their needs

## What's Next:

- Expand to more pathway; Post Ventilation (in progress), Diabetes Lower Limb, Mental Health
- Alignment with ETHP integrated care vision
- Evaluation
  - Provider & Patient journey maps
  - Healthcare utilization data (comparing pre- and post-program metrics to assess impact)



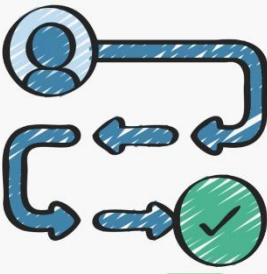
**Dr. Reham  
Abdelhalim &  
Abhi S. Regmi  
Burlington OHT**

# The Road Towards Evidence-based, Person-centered, Provider-friendly Integrated care Management of Chronic Conditions

**Dr. Reham Abdelhalim**  
*Manager, Population Health  
and Evaluation, BOHT*

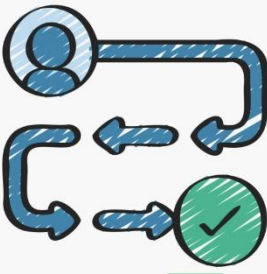
**Abhi S. Regmi**  
*Manager, Information Management,  
Digital Health & Projects, BOHT*

# The beginning of the Journey



- The Burlington OHT was one of the initial OHTs to receive approval. In late 2023, the Burlington Ontario Health Team (BOHT) was identified as one of 12 OHTs who would be supported with additional resources to accelerate their journey to become a designated OHT.
- A designated OHT will be fiscally and clinically responsible for their attributed population. A new set of deliverables and tasks were assigned to the accelerated OHTs.
- The first of these tasks was to design and implement two clinical pathways for individuals living with Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) and Heart Failure (HF).
- The BOHT's approach to co-designing interventions with a population health perspective necessitated a redefinition of clinical pathways to better fit within an integrated care system.
- The goal was to create integrated care pathways that cover the entire disease trajectory, from prevention and early detection to palliation, and facilitates care across various health and social care settings.

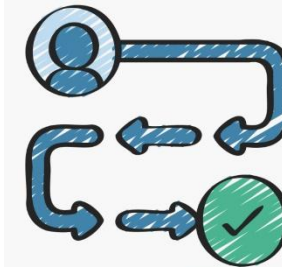




## What we did ...

- BOHT launched an extensive community engagement process to understand the current state of care for both conditions and design the ideal future state
- The findings of this engagement process informed the BOHT plan
- About 70 Key informants
- About 100 hours of engagement
- We worked very closely with GHHN and MLOHT

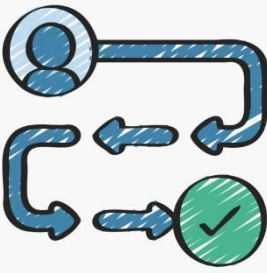




## Outcome: Guiding Principles for Co-designing COPD and HF Care Pathways

- We are building **care pathways not clinical pathways**\*
- Our pathways are **person-centered**
- Our pathways are **evidence-based**
- Our pathways are **standardized yet adaptable**
- Our pathways are **provider- friendly**
- Our pathways are for **all individuals** living with COPD or HF in our community
- Our pathways are **easy to adapt**
- Our pathways are **equitable**
- Our pathways are **sustainable**





## Care Pathways Vs Clinical Pathways

### A Care Pathway

**Focuses on the majority if not all of individuals living with the chronic disease**

**Pays special attention to upstream interventions looking at prevention and early detection as main components of the pathways**

**Addresses clinical and non-clinical needs of individuals living with the chronic disease**

**Recognises the intersection between concomitant chronic diseases whether physical, psychological or mental.**

### A Clinical Pathway

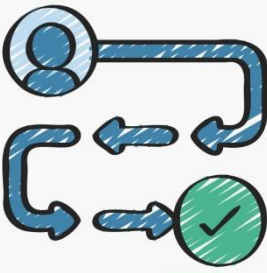
Focuses on the more complex segment of individuals living with the chronic disease

Centres more on management and reduction of acute care utilization

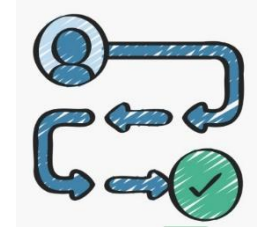
Clinical needs are prioritized

Focuses on one chronic condition

## Findings Highlights



- Currently, many programs existed in the community to serve individuals living with COPD and HF. However, these programs remain siloed and awareness about these programs is equally challenging to providers and patients.
- Primary care providers lack access to consistent, evidence-based resources when it comes to diagnosing, managing and navigating their patients who live with COPD, HF and other chronic conditions.
- Standardized care that is based on updated evidence-based quality standards was an area of improvement identified by various stakeholders.
- Lack of coordination across various providers and care settings was another gap that was described by the participants
- Support to self-management and patient education was an area for improvement



# An Integrated System For Chronic Disease Prevention And Management

Prevention Y2 onwards

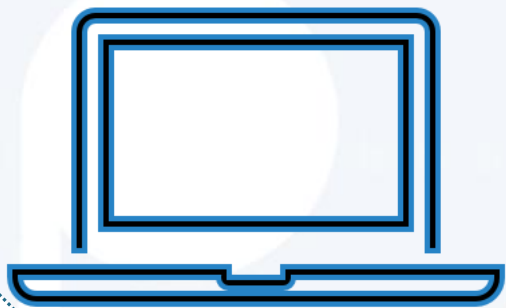
Palliation and End of Life Y2 onwards

Early ID & Management Y1 onwards

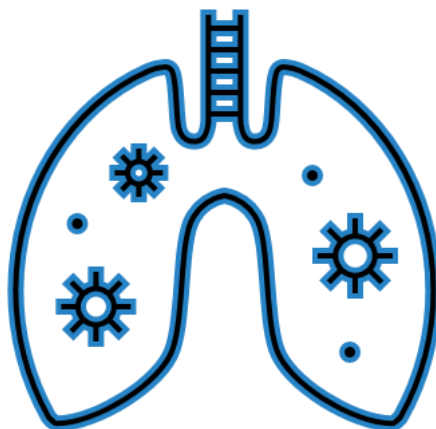
Digital Enabler

Interdisciplinary Team

Shared Digital Resource



Capacity Building for community Services and self-management



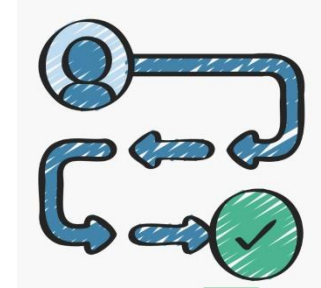
System Navigation

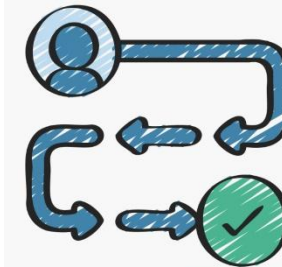


Remote Care Management



# Collaborate



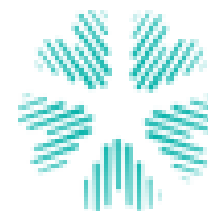


## We have a winner!

HealthPathways is a trusted, online, clinical guidance tool that provides healthcare professionals with instant access to hundreds of condition-specific, evidence-based guidelines and resources.

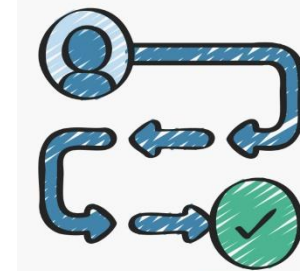
Each pathway has:

1. **clear and concise steps** for assessing, managing and referring patients within the local health system, and is
2. **designed for use at the point of care** by primary care providers (including family physicians, nurse practitioners and allied health professionals).



HealthPathways  
Community

# Implementation



Tri-OHT Teams

Collaborative  
Governance

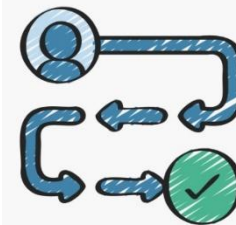
Pathways  
Selection

Communications  
and engagement

Evaluation



# Implementation



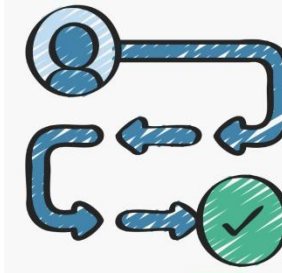
## It's about collaboration

- One of the main benefits of HealthPathways is that the process of developing content requires conversations between primary and secondary care. Every pathway represents local agreements that reflect “how we do things around here today.”
- Doctors and other health professionals with experience in the pathway condition are involved in compiling and adapting content.
- Technical writers provide support by guiding information design, focusing on the user, and ensuring standardisation across the site.

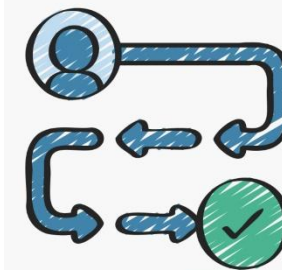


40-50 care pathways will be reviewed, localized, and published to our region by June 2025.

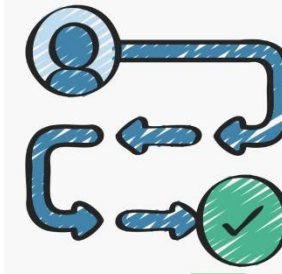
# Value proposition



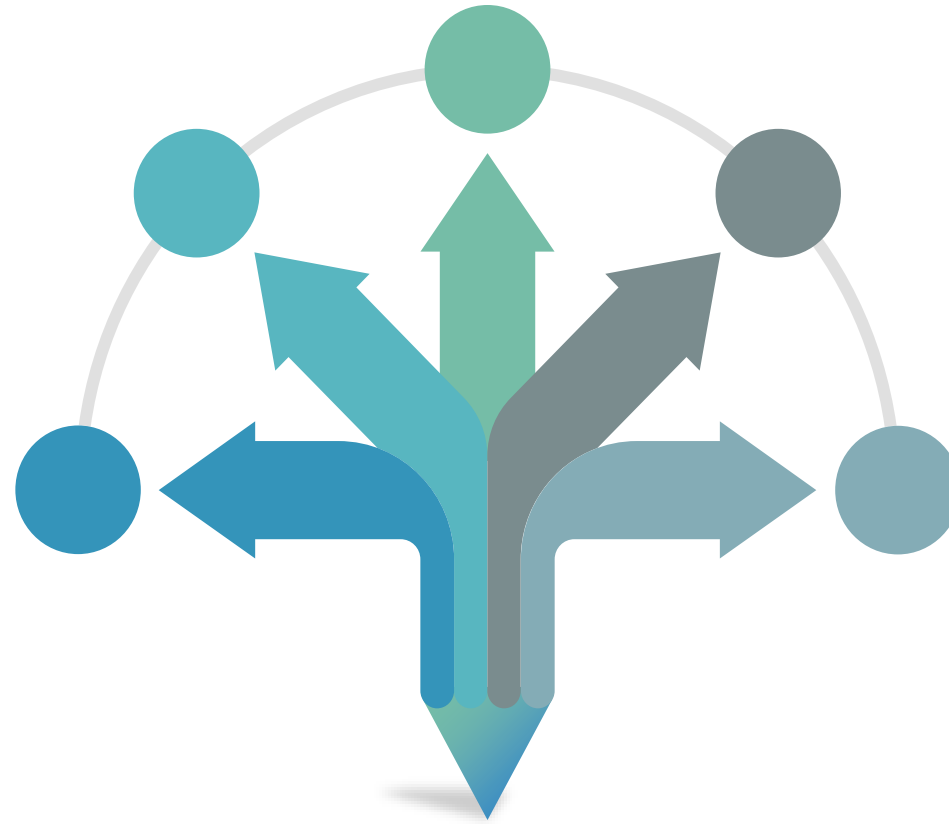
# Almost here...



# Take Home Messages



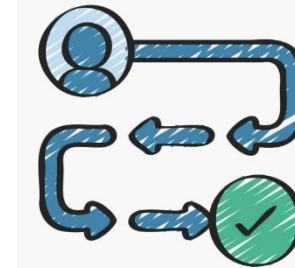
Engagement, engagement, engagement



Implementing best practices within integrated care systems requires tweaking, tailoring and adaptation

Collaborative approaches among integrated care networks can facilitate innovation and forward thinking

Thank you



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Reham Abdelhalim

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**Dendra Hillier & Ali  
Somers**

**Frontenac, Lennox  
& Addington OHT**



# Integrated Clinical Pathways CHF and COPD

Prepared for HSPN



3  
Hospitals

160  
Family  
doctors

Populatio  
n  
~210,000

80+  
Partners

May – Dec 2022  
Strategic Plan  
Development

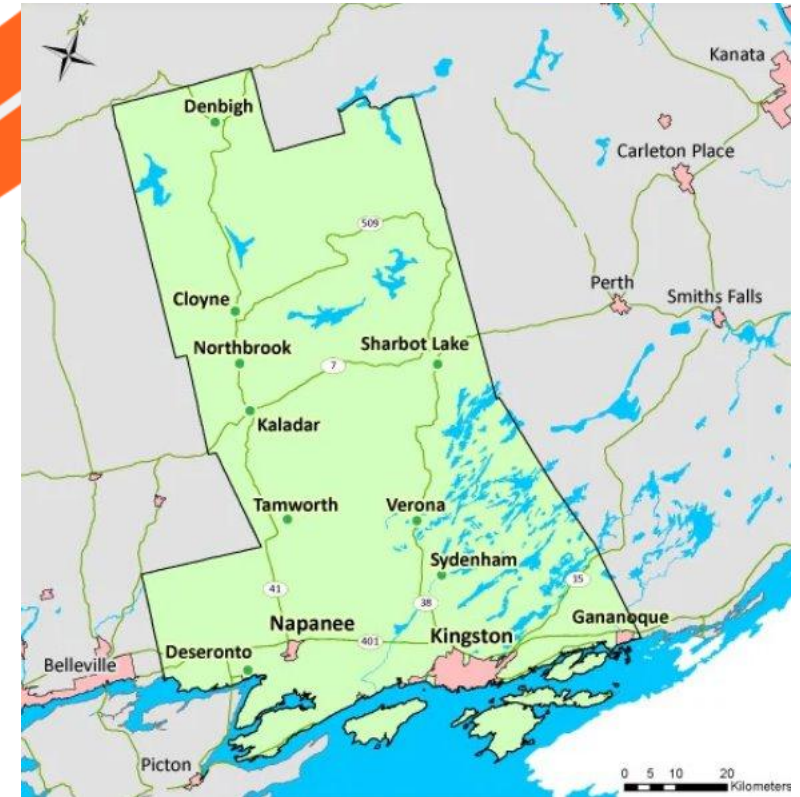
Oct 2023  
ICP Funding  
(CHF and COPD)

April 2024  
ICP Initiatives  
Launched

Jun 2022 – Feb 2023  
KHSC CHF  
Pathway  
Development

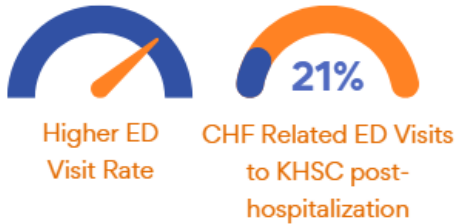
Oct 2023 – Mar 2024  
ICP Planning

Apr - Sep 2024  
Partner  
Organization



# ICP Development

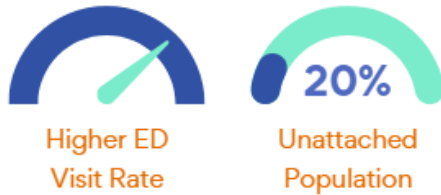
## CHF



### Opportunities for Change

- Coordination of care between spokes, hubs and nodes
- Primary Care assessments
- Existing local resources with a willingness to help

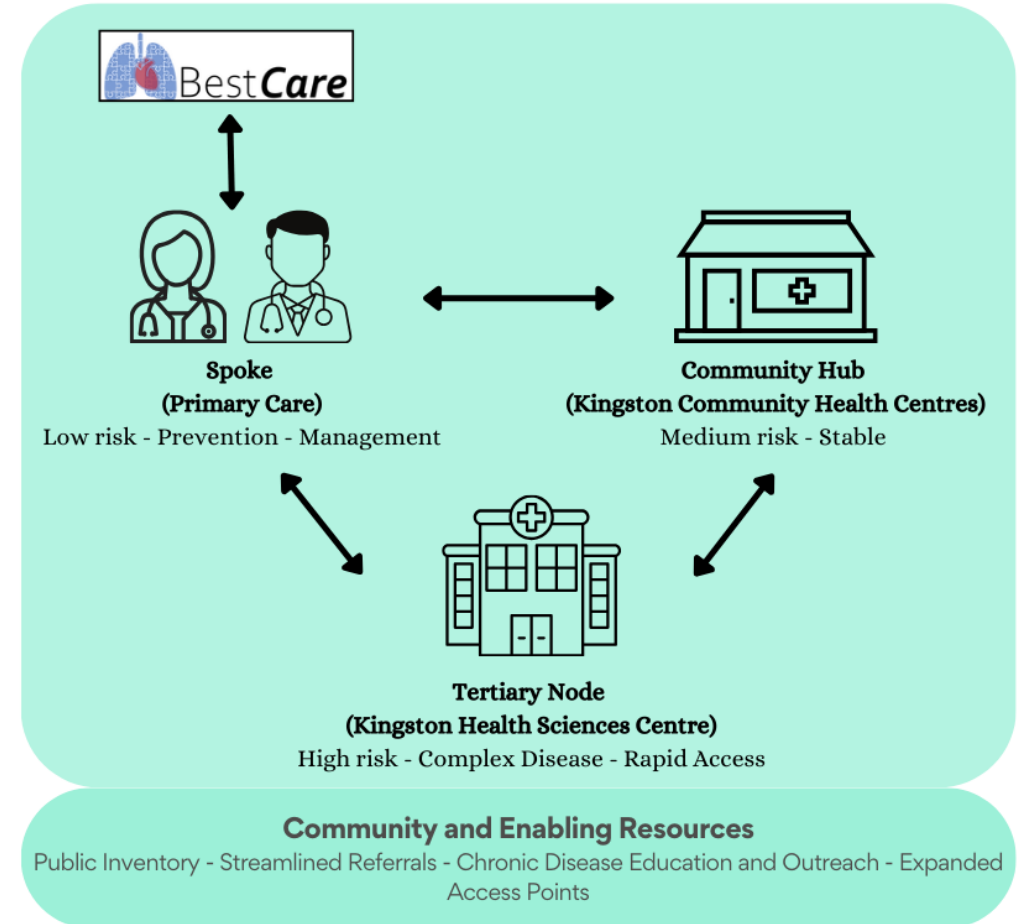
## COPD



### Opportunities for Change

- Bringing spirometry closer to home
- Primary Care assessments
- Virtual pulmonary rehabilitation

## Model Overview



\*Admissions per 100 affected patients

# Initiatives

After mapping our regional system, key initiatives were identified to strengthen care for those with COPD and CHF in FLA.

## Hiring Personnel

Personnel to support:

- COPD pathway navigation
- CHF clinical assessment
- Data review
- Project management

## Reviewing ED Data

Review of KHSC ED Data to identify people with COPD and CHF who require follow up and medication optimization.

## Training Healthcare Providers

Develop training on each pathway for healthcare personnel, including:

- Primary Care Providers
- Community Paramedics
- Transition Care Nurses
- OH@H Remote Care Monitoring Nurses

## Unattached Patients

Identify a Primary Care Provider who is willing to take on patients who arrive to KHSC ED and design pathway to getting them attached.

## Best Care Pilot

Embed Certified Integrated Disease Clinicians in Health Homes across the region to provide care to people with COPD and CHF.

## Virtual Pulmonary Rehabilitation

Provide enhanced access to pulmonary rehabilitation for those with COPD.

## Rapid Access Clinics

Develop and coordinate rapid access clinics across the region for those who visit the hospital for COPD and CHF.

## Developing Protocols

Develop protocols for healthcare teams to streamline care transitions.

# ICP Metrics

Integrated Care Pathways by the numbers for 2024-2025

7

Personnel  
Hired

86

Healthcare  
Providers Trained

50

Patients Attached



Increased HF Clinic  
capacity and  
access

12

Months of  
ED Data Reviewed

20

People completed  
virtual pulmonary  
rehabilitation

5

Protocols  
Developed

4

Rapid access  
clinics coordinated

# ICP Metrics: Best Care

Integrated Care Pathways by the numbers for 2024-2025

250

Visits completed

96%

People seen have  
COPD Action Plan



More insights about our  
region, like pack years  
and Gold classification

25%



49%

Increased Closed Triple  
Therapy for COPD

10%



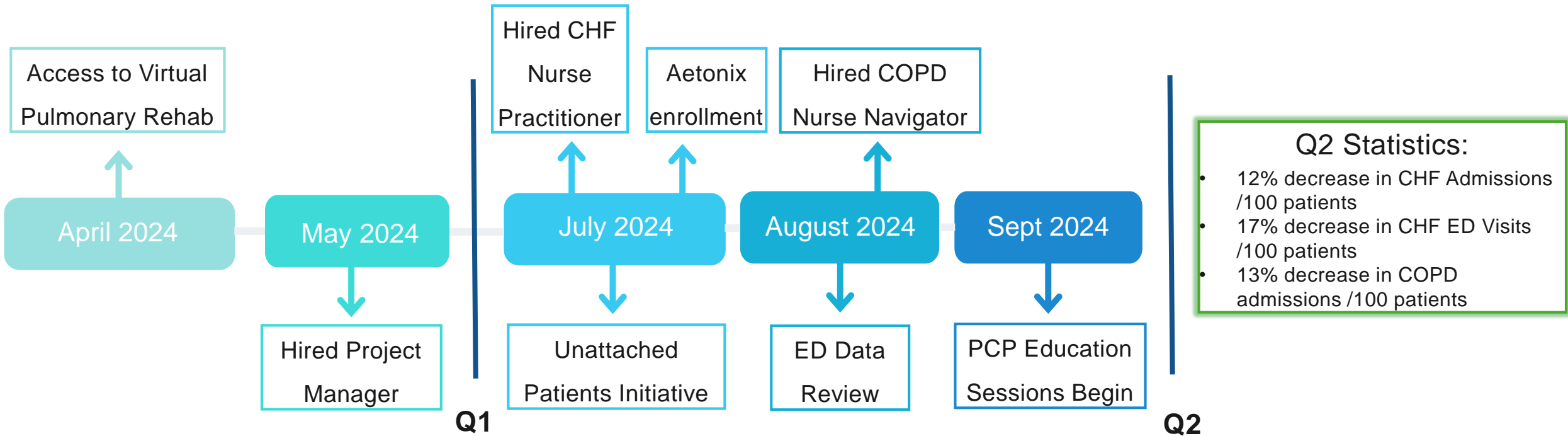
2%

Decreased % of people on no  
daily controller therapy for COPD



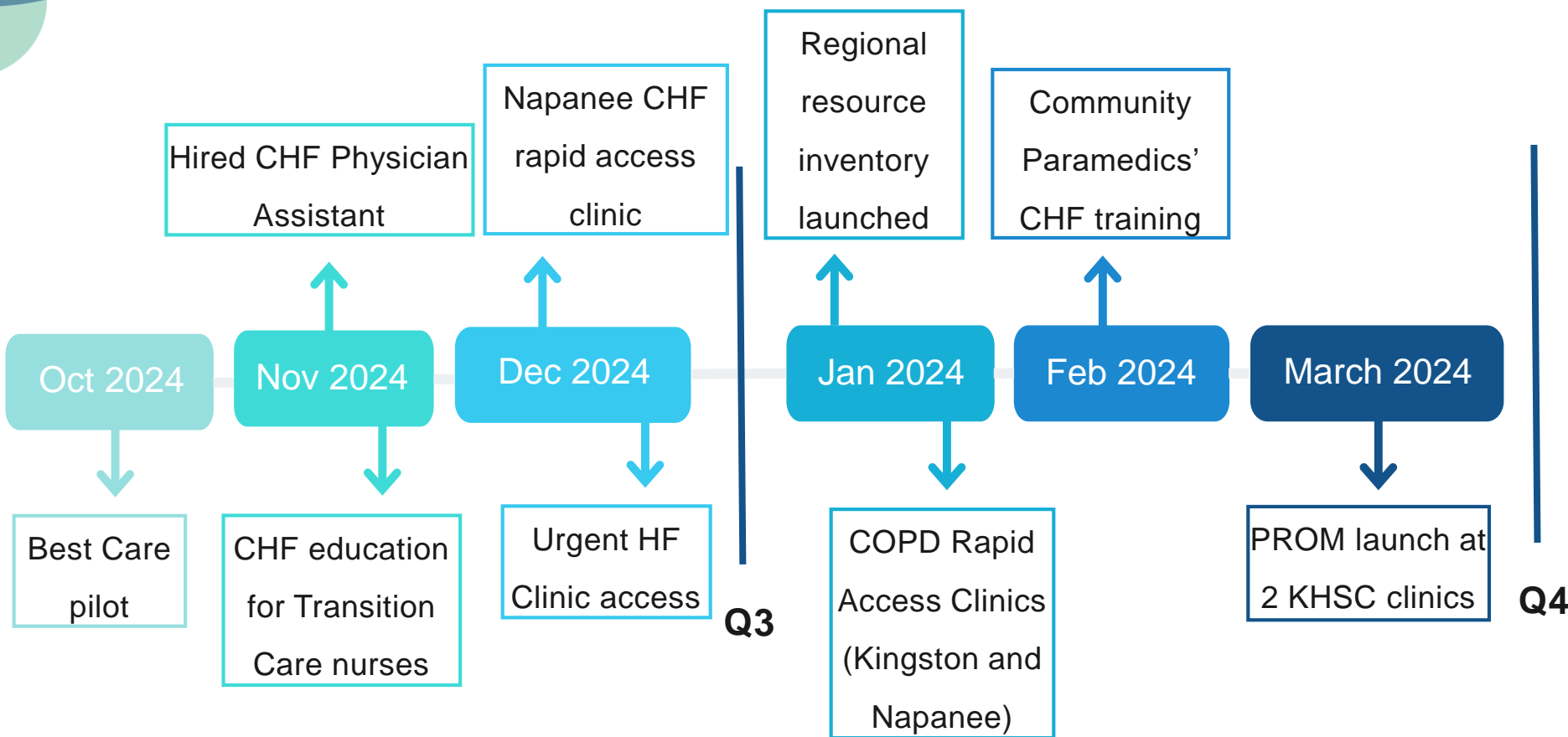
Q1-2

# ICP Initiatives Timeline



Q3-4

# ICP Initiatives Timeline



## Q3 Statistics:

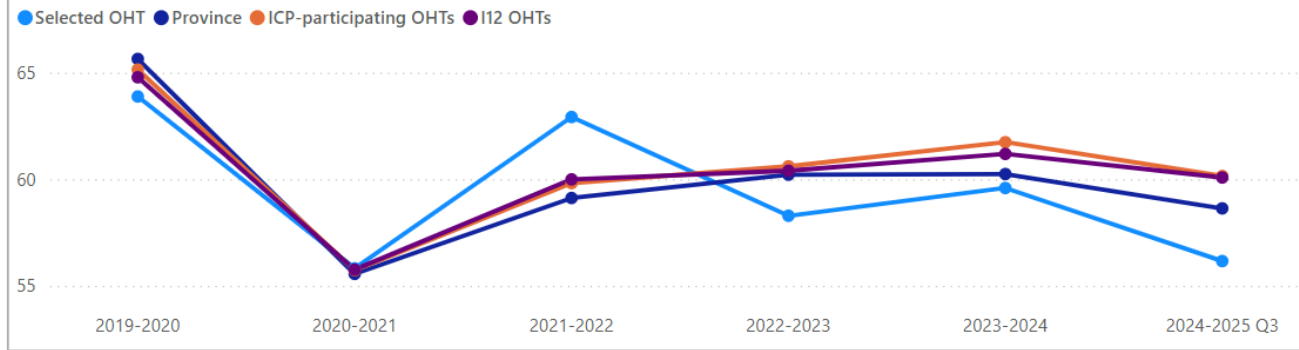
- 12% decrease in CHF Admissions
- 18% reduction in CHF ED Visits
- 17% reduction in COPD Admissions
- 4% reduction in 30-day readmissions for COPD (from 19% to 15%)
- Increased spirometry rates to 37.4%

# ICP Outcomes

## CHF

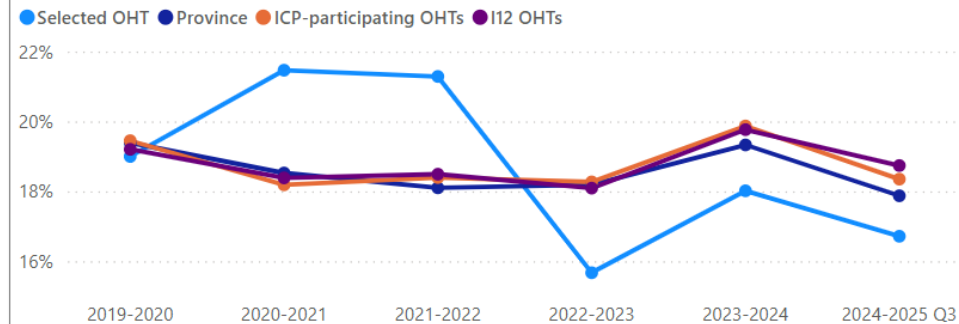
Admissions per 100 CHF Patients by Year in Frontenac, Lennox & Addington OHT

Note. Admissions are age-sex standardized



30 Day Re-Admissions Post-HF Hospitalization by Year in Frontenac, Lennox & Addington OHT

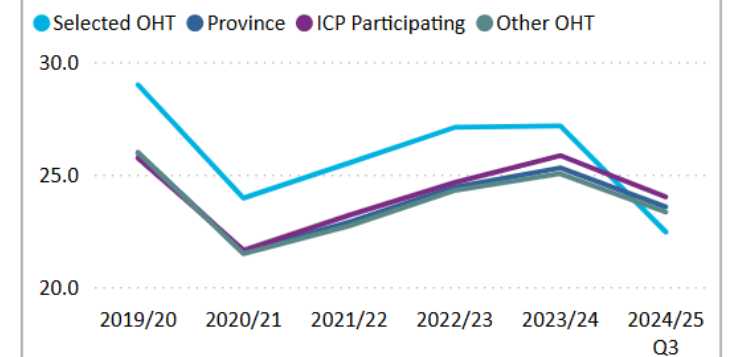
Hover over line for more information



## COPD

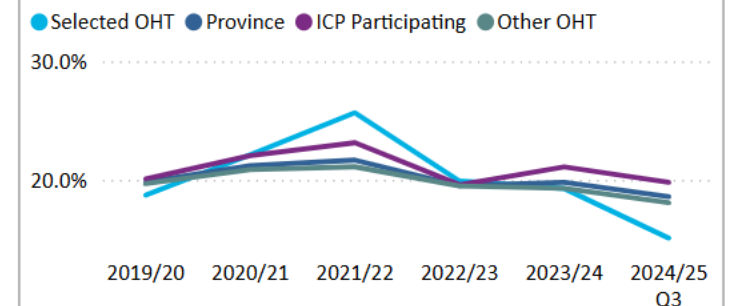
Hospitalizations per 100 COPD patients

All Types, Selected OHT's value is Age-Sex Standardized



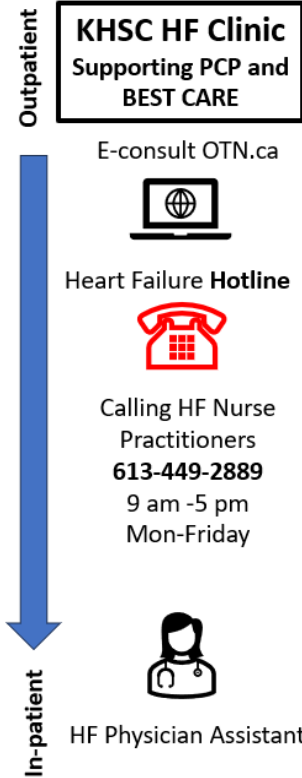
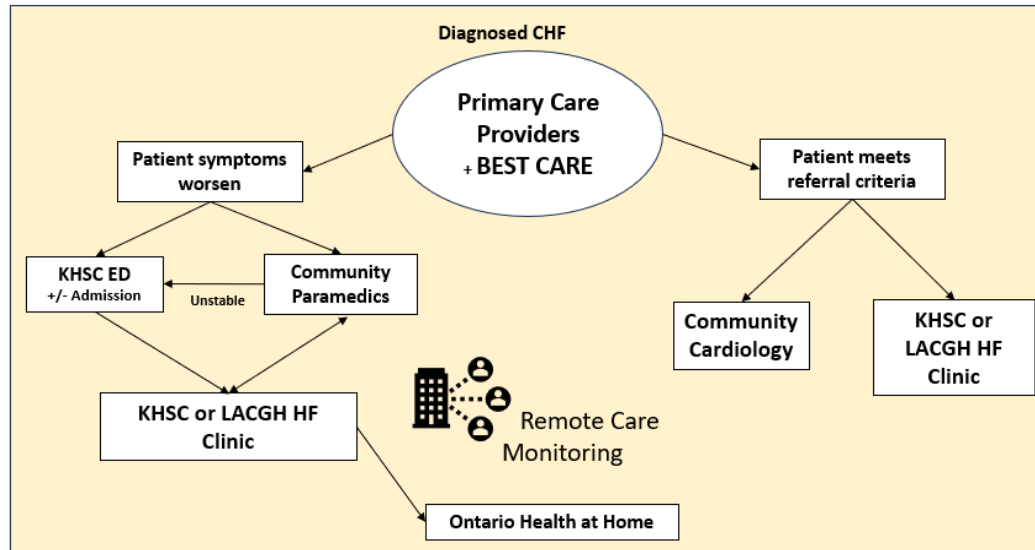
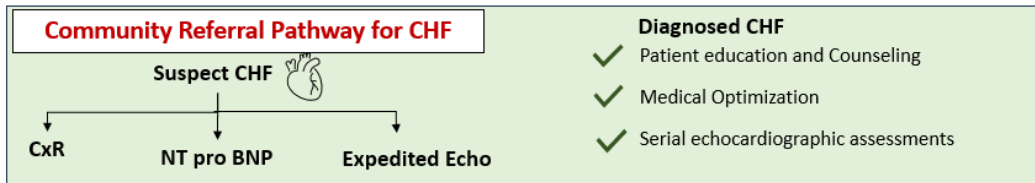
30-day Readmissions post COPD hospitalization

Type of hospitalization = COPD

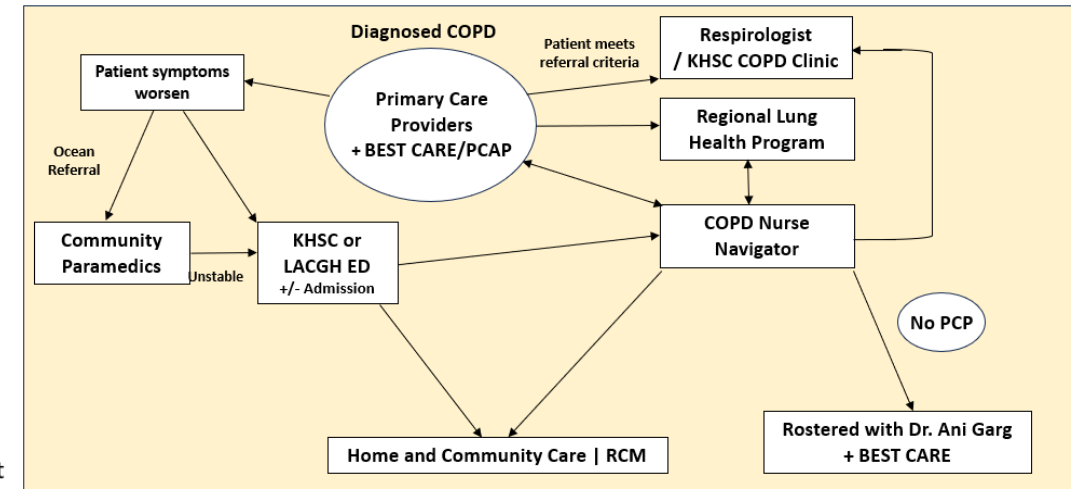
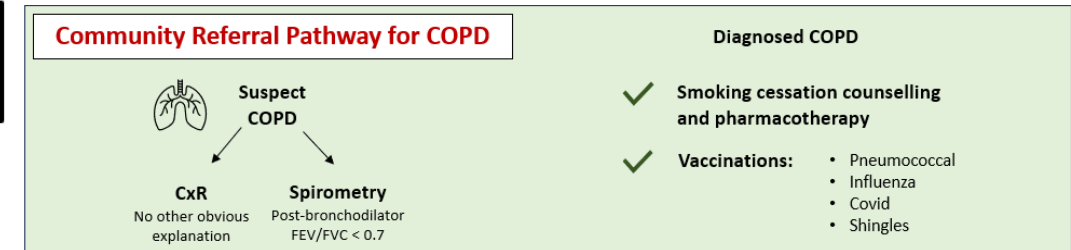


# Detailed Workflows

## CHF



## COPD

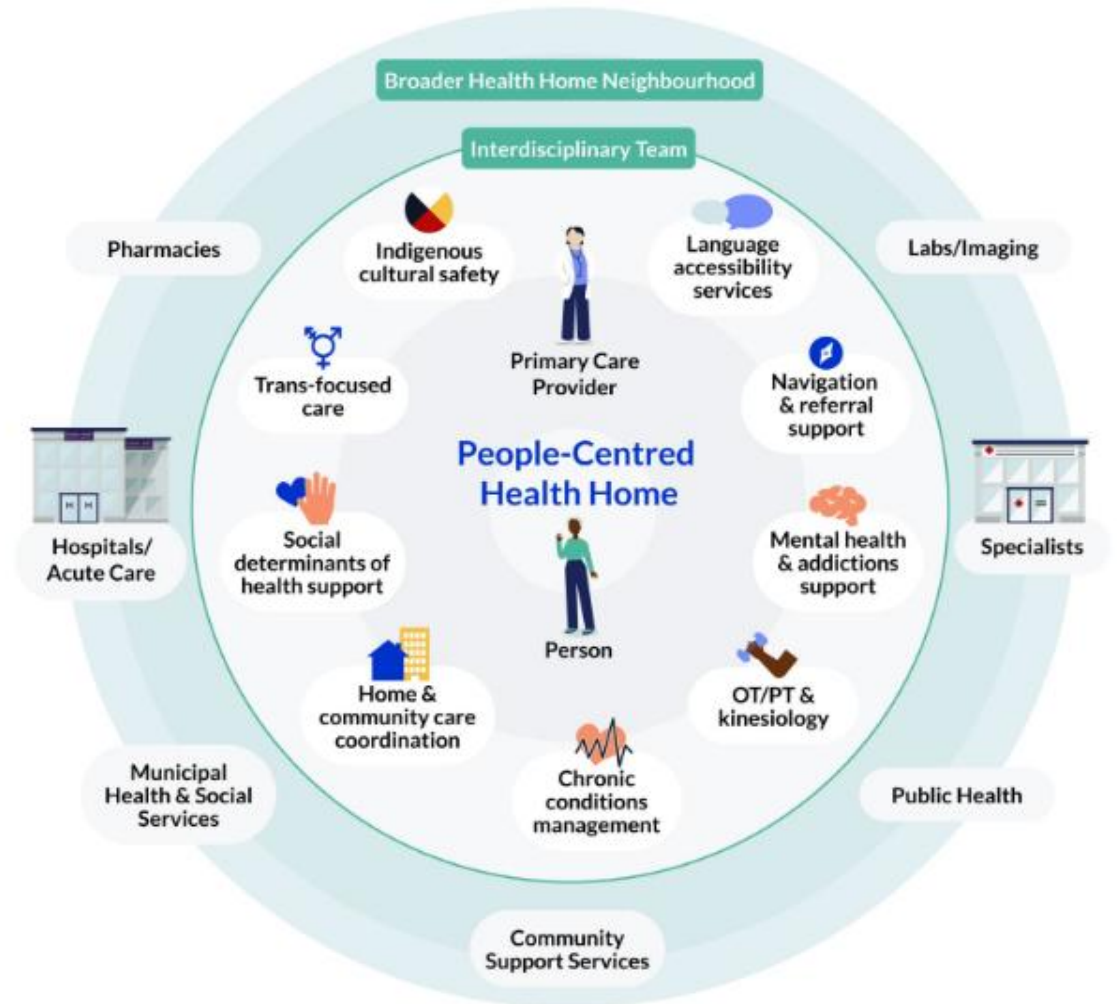


# Health Home Overview

**Geographic Health Homes with an interdisciplinary team-based approach are central to the FLA OHT strategy**

How ICPs compliment the Health Home Model:

1. Unattached people entering the pathways can be connected to primary care through ICP integration with the Primary Care Network
2. Building capacity for chronic disease identification and management at the primary care level
3. Streamlining referrals to specialty care
4. Strengthening community partnerships and resource navigation



# Summary



## Enablers

- Recruit highly engaged and passionate leaders as Pathway Leads
- Create opportunities for connection and collaboration across different providers
- Pathway documents and maps allow for shared understanding across various providers



## Lessons Learned

- Map your pathway early – identify siloes and overlaps in service
- Track as many local metrics as possible
- Understand each organization's priorities to estimate impacts on ICP implementation, especially partners tackling internal transitions (technical or structural)
- Establish MOUs and other agreements early in implementation to avoid delays and confirm collective objectives



# **Melissa Chang**

## **UHN's Integrated Care Program**

# UHN's Integrated Care Program

*Prepared for HSPN Integrated Care Pathways Webinar*



**Melissa Chang**

Sr. Director  
Integrated Care,  
UHN Connected Care

# Driving Tomorrow's Care

## PHASE 1

- Tests of Change in Surgery & Medicine
- Evaluation to Expand
- Establish homecare partnership model

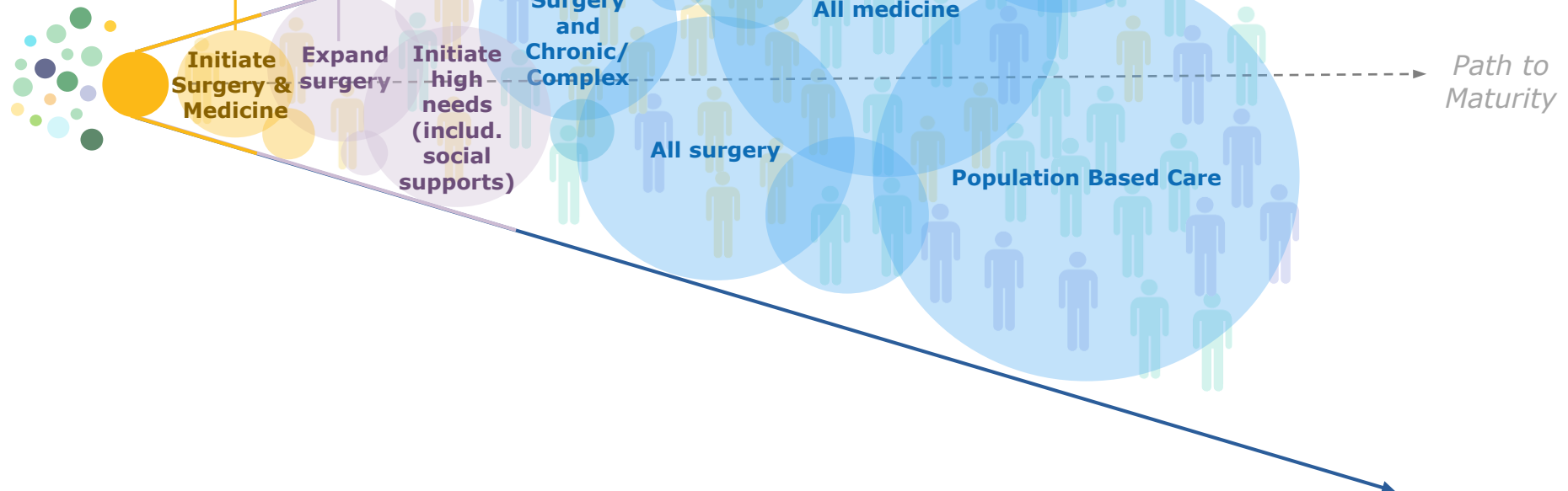
## PHASE 2

- Expand in Medicine and Surgery
- Digital Enabler strategy
- Integration with ED, Primary Care, Community & Social Supports

## PHASE 3

- Population based approaches (Older Adults, Community-Enabled approaches)

*UHN projects with some elements of integrated care*



# The Integrated Care Experience

*One Team*



*One Digital Record*



*One Number to Call*



*One Integrated Fund*



## Care Coordination

One **consistent care team** with a **primary point of contact**

## Continuity of Care

One **story to tell**, enabled by a **shared digital record**

## Timely & Accessible

One **24/7 phone line** available to patients and caregivers

## Customizable

One **integrated fund** to support patient needs

# Collective Commitments

Integrated Care at UHN is an evidence-based model of care that wraps care around patients, their essential care partners and care providers needs. We are creating a standard of care to advance Acute Care in the Home.

Following the principles below set by international best practice we target to be in the **best decile of health outcomes, length of stay, patient and care provider satisfaction.**

1. Provide **24/7 access** to reach a person at all times
2. **Respond in <30 min** when patients or care providers request clinical advice
3. Establish **clear patient action plans** including escalation paths with standing orders or medical directives for worsening symptoms where relevant
4. Enable **direct care or admissions** (not via the Emergency Department) wherever possible
5. Ensure **health equity** by having clear mechanisms for at risk and equity deserving populations to participate in program
6. Embed **continuous quality improvement** and evaluation

# Traditional Health Care vs. Integrated Care

## PATIENT JOURNEY



## Arrival & Referral



## Hospital Stay



## Discharge Planning



## Recovery @ Home

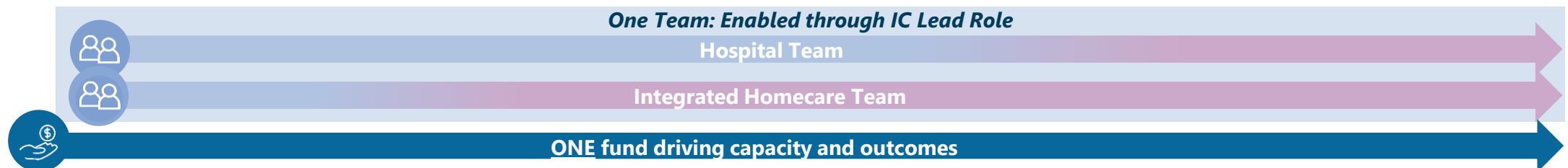
## TRADITIONAL HEALTH CARE MODEL

- At point of discharge - eligibility assessment completed by **hospital care coordinator**
- Timing and approved type(s) of home care services is unknown to the hospital team
- Transfer to **community care coordinator**
- Multiple medical records, numbers to call, limited hours (8am-8pm) and multiple **care providers**
- Limited bidirectional information sharing
- No direct access back to hospital team



## INTEGRATED CARE MODEL

- |  |  |  |   |
|--|--|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>IC Lead</b> at earliest point (ex: pre-op) in hospital admission</li> <li>• Reviews expectations for hospital stay</li> <li>• Early identification of barriers to discharge and flag to integrated <b>homecare team</b></li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>IC Lead</b> embedded within patient unit; links hospital and <b>home care team</b>; supports earliest return home</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Co-create care plan in collaboration</li> <li>• Simultaneous planning with <b>care providers</b></li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>IC Lead</b> remains point of contact</li> <li>• ONE medical record, number to call 24/7 and team</li> <li>• Relevant hospital information shared with home care team to facilitate care delivery</li> <li>• Timely documentation of home care visits accessible to the one team</li> <li>• Continued and timely access to the <b>hospital team</b></li> </ul> |
|--|--|--|---|





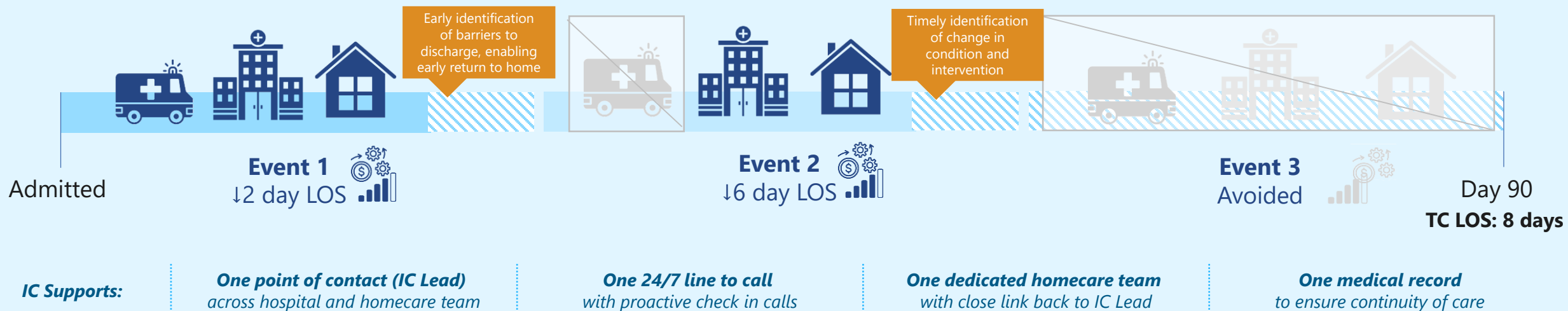
# Creating System Capacity

*Example scenario of Program supports enabling improved care experience and outcomes*

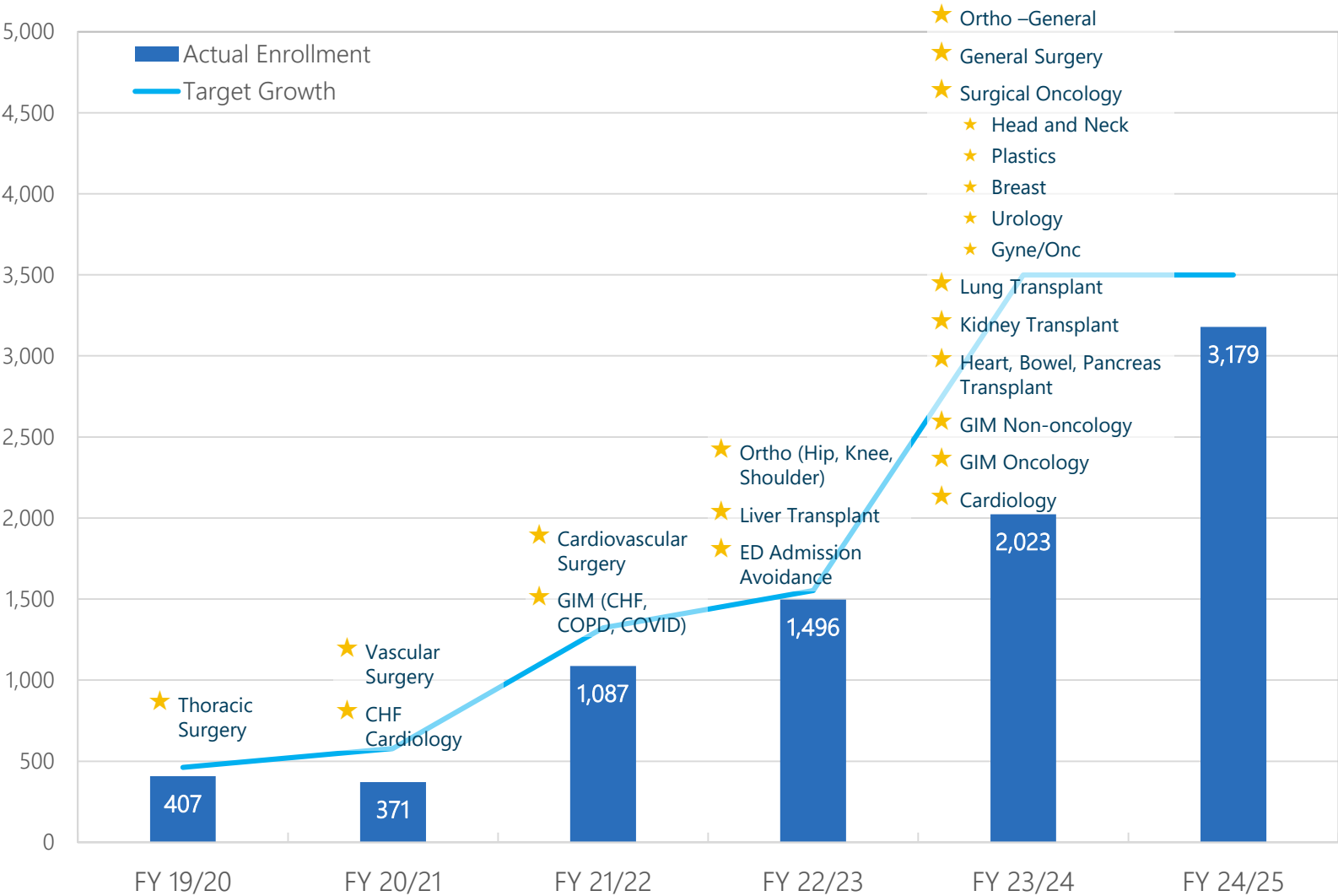
## Traditional Care: 3 siloed admissions to the hospital



## Integrated Care: ability to impact 90 day TC LOS activity



# Expanding Integrated Care at UHN



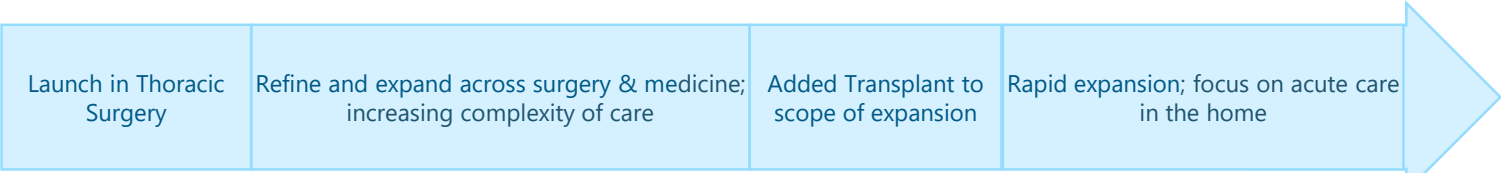
## Impact To Date

**+79 net promoter score**  
91.7% of patients rated the Program a 4 or higher

**7,400 bed days saved**  
Estimated impact for 4,000 patients

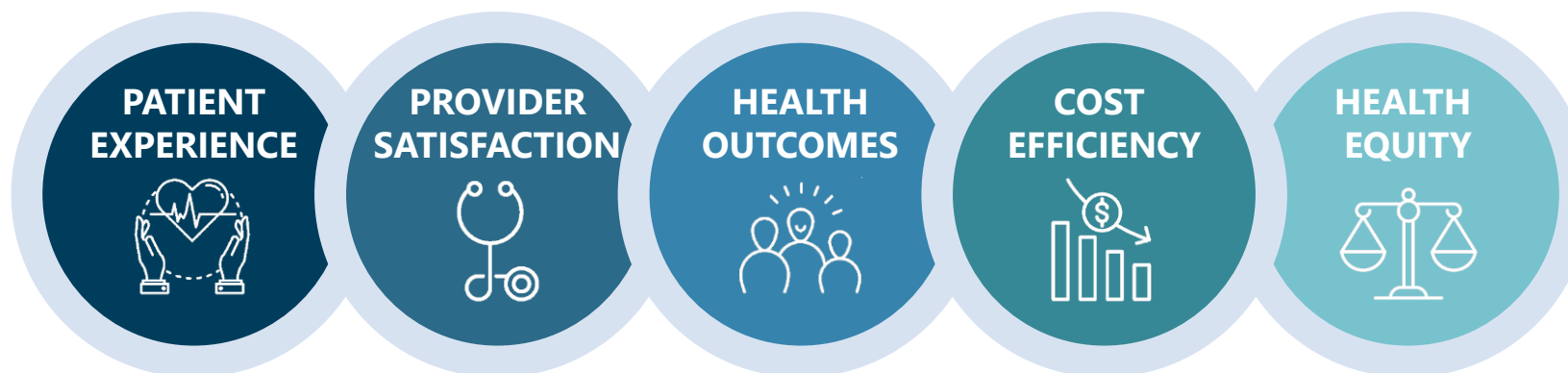
**↓ 90 day ED Revisits**  
Some pathways seeing relative reduction up to 43%

**↓ 90 day Readmit Revisits**  
Some pathways seeing relative reduction up to 25%



# Our Promise – Delivering a Better Care Experience

## Sample of Integrated Care Program Interventions Supporting the Quintuple Aim



### PATIENT EXPERIENCE

#### Timely patient access to expert care

A urology patient experienced difficulty urinating 24 hours after their urinary catheter was removed

The patient called the after-hours 1-833 number and a nurse on-call was **able to conduct a home visit within 30 minutes**, preventing an ED visit

Nurse (home care) escalated to on-call **urology physician**, new orders issued **to reinsert the catheter that evening** and scheduled a follow-up appointment in the clinic 5 days later

### PROVIDER SATISFACTION

#### Increasing understanding & creating capacity in hospital

Outpatient follow-up clinicians **value comprehensive communication** especially when it includes sequential photos

**Allows clinicians to have a better understanding of how patients are recovering at home** and allows them to conduct consultations virtually, creating capacity in the outpatient clinic setting

### HEALTH OUTCOMES

#### Streamlined & seamless care transitions

Delay in OHaH practice for **applying VAC dressings** (currently done in community & takes up to 5 days to initiate)

IC implemented a new process to apply the community VAC dressing directly on the unit before discharge **preventing unnecessary interruptions in treatment**

### COST EFFICIENCY

#### Shifting care from hospital to home

To support patients with JP drains, the Thoracic Surgery department has **transitioned** VATS wedge resections from **inpatient procedures to same-day surgeries**

The Integrated Care homecare nurse is now responsible for **managing and removing the surgical drains in the community**, a task that was previously performed in the hospital

### HEALTH EQUITY

#### Supporting failed discharge & health equity

Patient was readmitted 7 days post discharge due to “failure to thrive” (OHaH could not reach pt. by phone)

IC Lead enrolled patient, affixed the 1-833 number to the patient’s phone,

An **assessment of the home environment prompted** the addition of a social worker to **assist with financial and food insecurity**. The patient was receptive to services and successfully remained out of hospital for the duration of the care bundle

# Panel Discussion

# Up Next

- HSPN webinar series
  - ‘Spring Break’: there will be no webinar in May
  - See you back on June 24<sup>th</sup>

# THANK YOU!



@infohspn



hspn@utoronto.ca



The Health System Performance Network



hspn.ca



# HSPN



## HSPN Questions:

- **Given your progress to date, what has been an essential factor in your success?**

A shared vision with our partners has been critical. Success has also relied on having the right resources in place, strong leadership from our OHT medical lead and ICP lead, and the support of clinical champions across specialties and primary care. Continued alignment with the hospitals and partners strategic plan has further reinforced our efforts.

- **Could you talk about a key challenge you faced and how you went about tackling it?**

One major challenge has been operational staffing—particularly clinical capacity for enrollment and ongoing program delivery. We’ve had to navigate competing priorities, capacity constraints, and the need to keep diverse partners aligned and engaged. We addressed this through regular reinforcement of our shared vision, transparent communication, and creative solutions to funding uncertainty. Accessing consistent and meaningful data, especially data silos, has also been a significant hurdle.

- **Is there anything you know now that you wish you knew when you started this work?**

Yes—how crucial early HR planning is, especially in high-demand environments. We also learned the importance of distinguishing between evaluation planning and research frameworks from the outset. Finally, we underestimated how difficult it would be to access and integrate data across systems. Building a care-planning solution is challenging and resource intensive-focus efforts on those clients most likely to benefit.

- **If you have engaged in any other programs/ pathways (e.g. LP, IFM): What are some of the main differences you have experienced working with these different programs?**

Each program is at a different stage of development, with varying levels of resource capacity. Many are still in early phases, being built under tight timelines. It can be difficult to coordinate across overlapping criteria, especially with multiple pilots happening simultaneously. There’s a need for clearer alignment and integration across programs to support cohesive implementation.